



Intrusion Detection

Who am I?

- Informal Security Education
- CS - Colby College
 - Honors work in Static Analysis
- Fortify Software
 - Engineer
 - Architect
 - Product Management
- HP
- AlienVault
 - Products
- BlackHat
- RSA



What is it?



What are you looking for?

- Pattern – known sequences of behaviors that indicate malicious activity
- Statistical – deviations from normal (anomalous) behavior that could indicate malicious activity

Where are you looking for it?

- User Activity
- Application Activity
- Operating System Activity
- Network Activity
- SIEM
- SIEM / Host-based IDS
- Host-based IDS
- Network-based IDS



Where are you looking for it?

- User Activity
- Application Activity
- Operating System Activity
- Network Activity
- SIEM
- SIEM / Host-based IDS
- Host-based IDS
- Network-based IDS

Why so many products??



Different Data

- SIEM
- Host-based IDS
- Network-based IDS
- Event logs
- Operating system events
- Raw network data



Host-based IDS

Host-based IDS

- Monitors operating system activity
 - File changes
 - Registry
 - Application / Processes
- Products
 - OSSEC (free)
 - McAfee EPO
 - Symantec HIDS
 - Tripwire
- Deployment:
 - Agent
 - Remote



Host-based IDS

```
<var name="SYS_USERS">^apache$|^mysql$|^www$|^nobody$|^nogroup$|^portmap$|^named$|^rpc$|^mail$|^ftp$|^shutdown$|^halt$|^daemon$|^bin$|^postfix$|^shell$|^info$|^guest$|^pgsql$|^user$|^users$|^console$|^uucp$|^lp$|^sync$|^sshd$|^cdrom$|^ossec$</var>
```

```
<rule id="40101" level="12">
    <if_group>authentication_success</if_group>
    <user>$SYS_USERS</user>
    <description>System user successfully logged to the system.</description>
    <group>invalid_login,</group>
</rule>
```



Host-based IDS

Pro

- Process level inspection
- Acute behavioral detection
- User attribution

Cons

- Easy to disable
- High Administrative Costs



Network IDS



Network IDS

- Monitors network activity
 - Protocol Usage
 - Deep Packet Inspection
 - File Identification
- Deployment:
 - Inline
- Products
 - Suricata (free)
 - McAfee IntruShield
 - Cisco
 - Juniper



Network IDS

```
alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET any (msg:"ET  
ATTACK_RESPONSE Metasploit Meterpreter Sysinfo Command  
Detected"; flow:to_client,established;  
content:"stdapi_sys_config_sysinfo"; depth:60;  
reference:url,www.nologin.org/Downloads/Papers/  
meterpreter.pdf; reference:url,doc.emergingthreats.net/  
2009563; classtype:successful-user; sid:2009563; rev:  
2;)
```



Network IDS

Pro

- Difficult to disable
- Early identification of threats
- Broad rulesets available

Cons

- Difficult to derive context

SIEM



SIEM

- Monitors anything you can feed it
 - VPN, Firewall, Application, Email server, door readers, etc
- Deployment:
 - Central
- Products
 - ArcSight (HP)
 - IBM (Q1)
 - OSSIM (Free)



Data Normalization Example

Juniper SRX – Session Denied Raw Log Event

```
#Sep 25 06:26:09 1.1.3.1 2010-09-25T06:26:10.420 SRX2-NY RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_DENY
[junos@2636.1.1.1.2.35 source-address="1.2.3.4" source-port="1234" destination-address="2.3.4.5"
destination-port="80" service-name="junos-http" protocol-id="6" icmp-type="0" policy-name="DENY"
source-zone-name="trust" destination-zone-name="untrust"]
```



Data Normalization Example

Juniper SRX – Session Denied Raw Log Event

```
#Sep 25 06:26:09 1.1.3.1 2010-09-25T06:26:10.420 SRX2-NY RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_DENY  
[ junos@2636.1.1.1.2.35 source-address="1.2.3.4" source-port="1234" destination-address="2.3.4.5"  
destination-port="80" service-name="junos-http" protocol-id="6" icmp-type="0" policy-name="DENY"  
source-zone-name="trust" destination-zone-name="untrust"]
```

NORMALIZED

Event ID=SESSION_DENY
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:09
Source IP=1.2.3.4
Source Port=1234
Source Zone=trust
Destination IP=2.3.4.5
Destination Port=80
Destination Zone=untrust
Service Name=Junos HTTP
Protocol=TCP
ICMP Type=Echo
Policy=Deny

Data Normalization Example

Juniper SRX – Session Denied Log Event

```
#Sep 25 06:26:09 1.1.3.1 2010-09-25T06:26:10.420 SRX2-NY RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_DENY  
[ junos@2636.1.1.1.2.35 source-address="1.2.3.4" source-port="1234" destination-address="2.3.4.5"  
destination-port="80" service-name="junos-http" protocol-id="6" icmp-type="0" policy-name="DENY"  
source-zone-name="trust" destination-zone-name="untrust"]
```

NORMALIZED

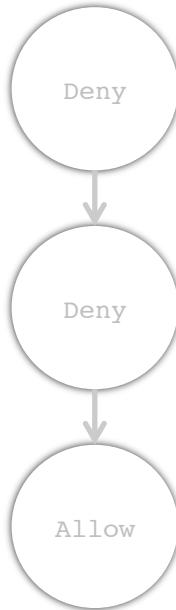
Event ID=SESSION_DENY
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:09
Source IP=1.2.3.4
Source Port=1234
Source Zone=trust
Destination IP=2.3.4.5
Destination Port=80
Destination Zone=untrust
Service Name=Junos HTTP
Protocol=TCP
ICMP Type=Echo
Policy=Deny

- Necessary for cross-data source correlation
 - Identify similar data from different data sources (User Name, IP Address, etc.)
- Each data source requires some custom logic
 - Each log has a unique format



Correlation Example

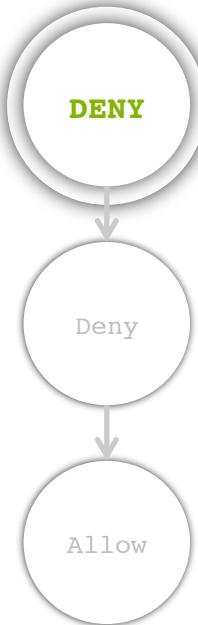
Probing



Correlation can be thought of as a state machine

Correlation Example

Probing



Event 1

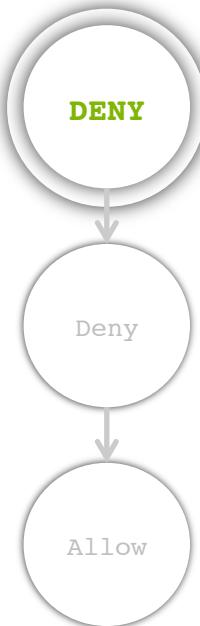
Event ID=SESSION_DENY
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:09
Source IP=1.2.3.4
Source Port=1234
Source Zone=trust
Destination IP=2.3.4.5
Destination Port=80
Destination Zone=untrust
Service Name=Junos HTTP
Protocol=TCP
ICMP Type=Echo
Policy=Deny

Each event can 'match' and progress the state



Correlation Example

Probing



```
Event ID=SESSION_DENY
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:09
Source IP=1.2.3.4
Source Port=1234
Source Zone=trust
Destination IP=2.3.4.5
Destination Port=80
Destination Zone=untrust
Service Name=Junos HTTP
Protocol=TCP
ICMP Type=Echo
Policy=Deny
```

Event 2

```
Event ID=SESSION_DENY
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:10
Source IP=1.2.3.4
Source Port=1234
Source Zone=trust
Destination IP=2.3.4.5
Destination Port=443
Destination Zone=untrust
Service Name=Junos HTTP
Protocol=TCP
ICMP Type=Echo
Policy=Deny
```

Subsequent events need to match within time window



Correlation Example

Probing



```
Event ID=SESSION_DENY  
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:09  
Source IP=1.2.3.4  
Source Port=1234  
Source Zone=trust  
Destination IP=2.3.4.5  
Destination Port=80  
Destination Zone=untrust  
Service Name=Junos HTTP  
Protocol=TCP  
ICMP Type=Echo  
Policy=Deny
```

```
Event ID=SESSION_DENY  
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:10  
Source IP=1.2.3.4  
Source Port=1234  
Source Zone=trust  
Destination IP=2.3.4.5  
Destination Port=80  
Destination Zone=untrust  
Service Name=Junos HTTP  
Protocol=TCP  
ICMP Type=Echo  
Policy=Deny
```

Event 3

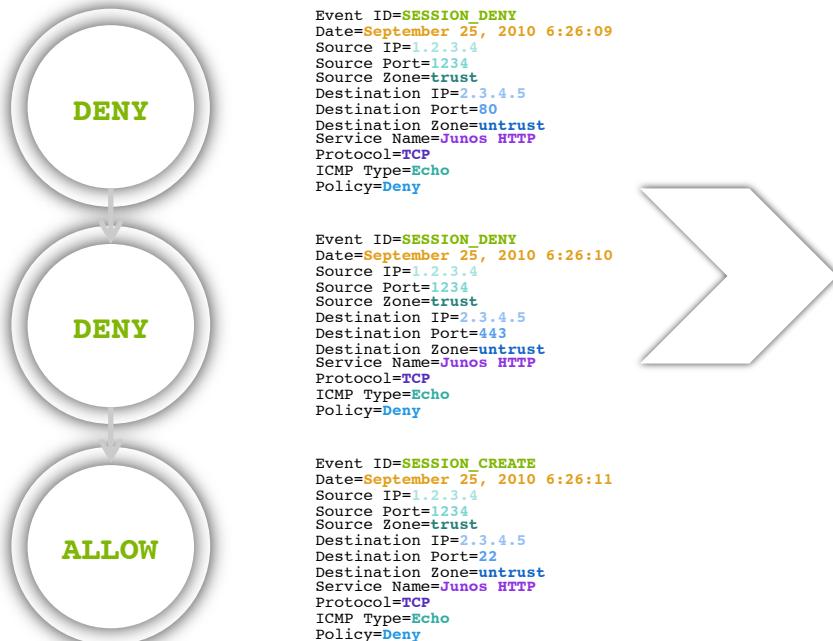
```
Event ID=SESSION_CREATE  
Date=September 25, 2010 6:26:11  
Source IP=1.2.3.4  
Source Port=1234  
Source Zone=trust  
Destination IP=2.3.4.5  
Destination Port=22  
Destination Zone=untrust  
Service Name=Junos HTTP  
Protocol=TCP  
ICMP Type=Echo  
Policy=Deny
```

Subsequent events need to match within time window



Correlation Example

Probing



ALARM — Probing

Source IP=1.2.3.4
Source Port=1234
Source Zone=trust
Destination IP=2.3.4.5
Destination Port=80,443,22
Protocol=TCP

Fully loaded state machine generates an alarm



SIEM

Pro

- Flexible and complete

Cons

- Expensive to deploy



Example

Example

