07-0: Announcements

- Labs 1 and 2 to be returned today, see me if you have any questions
- Late policy shift, starting with Project 1: 50% reduction until 24 hours after due date
- Style requirement
- Academic Honesty
  - What is allowed?
  - What is not allowed?

07-1: Academic Honesty

- What is allowed: You may talk with other students about:
  - Generic Java: how classes work, how control structures (while/for/if/etc) work, etc
  - Anything covered in class, in the textbook, etc.
  - Assignment requirements: What your code should do, what input/output should be, etc.
  - High Level algorithms (Example: inserting into sorted array)

07-2: Academic Honesty

- What not allowed:
  - You may not look an another student’s code
  - You may not copy another student’s code
  - You may not copy code from the web / any other source and submit it as your own work

07-3: Random Numbers

- What if we wanted random numbers (for a dice game, for example)

```java
import java.util.Random;

class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Random r = new Random();
        int randnum = r.nextInt(25);
    }
}
```

- r.nextInt(25) returns a value between 0 and 24

07-4: Random Numbers

- There are no “real” random numbers in Java
  - Computers are deterministic!
    - That is, they work the same way on the same data, every time – the output is determined by the input.
- Java uses Pseudo-Random numbers instead
  - Not “really” random, but “look” random

07-5: Pseudo-Random Numbers
• Create a sequence of numbers that “look random”
  • Bounce all over the number line
• Start with a “seed”, initial number
• Function that takes previous number, return the next one in the sequence
  • \( X_i = (aX_{n} + c) \mod m \)

07-6: Pseudo-Random Numbers

• We can “seed” the Random constructor, by giving the first element in the sequence
• Run the program twice, the same exact sequence of random numbers will occur, great for debugging
• If we don’t give the Random constructor a seed, picks number of milliseconds that have elapsed since Jan 1, 1970

07-7: Example!

• User rolls two dice up to three times to try to beat a randomly generated target
• After each roll, user decides to roll again or stick with current roll
• Driver - main
• Game - play //main logic
• Player - all input/output
• Die - 6 sided die