# Data Structures and Algorithms CS245-2015S-10 <br> <br> Sorting 

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## 10-0: Main Memory Sorting

- All data elements can be stored in memory at the same time
- Data stored in an array, indexed from $0 \ldots n-1$, where $n$ is the number of elements
- Each element has a key value (accessed with a key () method)
- We can compare keys for <, >, =
- For illustration, we will use arrays of integers though often keys will be strings, other Comparable types


## 10-1: Stable Sorting

- A sorting algorithm is Stable if the relative order of duplicates is preserved
- The order of duplicates matters if the keys are duplicated, but the records are not.


Key
Data

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | Key |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m | Ј | S | ${ }_{\text {E }}$ | ${ }_{1}^{\text {A }}$ | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }^{\text {u }}$ | Dat |
| \% ${ }_{\text {m }}^{\text {m }}$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ | ${ }_{\text {e }}$ | d | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }_{\text {d }}$ |  |

A non-Stable sort

## 10-2: Insertion Sort

- Separate list into sorted portion, and unsorted portion
- Initially, sorted portion contains first element in the list, unsorted portion is the rest of the list
- (A list of one element is always sorted)
- Repeatedly insert an element from the unsorted list into the sorted list, until the list is sorted


## 10-3: $\Theta()$ For Insertion Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Worst Case:


## 10-4: $\Theta()$ For Insertion Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Worst Case: Inverse sorted list
\# of comparisons:


## 10-5: $\Theta()$ For Insertion Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Worst Case: Inverse sorted list
\# of comparisons:

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} i \in \Theta\left(n^{2}\right)
$$

## 10-6: $\Theta()$ For Insertion Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Best Case:


## 10-7: $\Theta()$ For Insertion Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Best Case: Sorted List
\# of comparisons:


## 10-8: $\Theta()$ For Insertion Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Best Case: Sorted List
\# of comparisons:

$$
n-1
$$

## 10-9: Bubble Sort

- Scan list from the last index to index 0, swapping the smallest element to the front of the list
- Scan the list from the last index to index 1 , swapping the second smallest element to index 1
- Scan the list from the last index to index 2 , swapping the third smallest element to index 2
- Swap the second largest element into position $(n-2)$


## 10-10: $\Theta()$ for Bubble Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Number of Comparisons:


## 10-11: $\Theta()$ for Bubble Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Number of Comparisons:

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} i \in \Theta\left(n^{2}\right)
$$

## 10-12: Selection Sort

- Scan through the list, and find the smallest element
- Swap smallest element into position 0
- Scan through the list, and find the second smallest element
- Swap second smallest element into position 1 -••
- Scan through the list, and find the second largest element
- Swap smallest largest into position $n-2$


## 10-13: $\Theta()$ for Selection Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Number of Comparisons:


## 10-14: $\Theta()$ for Selection Sort

- Running time $\propto$ \# of comparisons
- Number of Comparisons:

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} i \in \Theta\left(n^{2}\right)
$$

## 10-15: Improving Insertion Sort

- Insertion sort is fast if a list is "almost sorted"
- How can we use this?
- Do some work to make the list "almost sorted"
- Run insertion sort to finish sorting the list
- Only helps if work required to make list "almost sorted" is less than $n^{2}$


## 10-16: Shell Sort

- Sort $n / 2$ sublists of length 2 , using insertion sort
- Sort $n / 4$ sublists of length 4 , using insertion sort
- Sort $n / 8$ sublists of length 8 , using insertion sort
- Sort 2 sublists of length $n / 2$, using insertion sort
- Sort 1 sublist of length $n$, using insertion sort


## 10-17: Shell's Increments

- Shell sort runs several insertion sorts, using increments
- Code on monitor uses "Shell's Increments": $\{n / 2, n / 4, \ldots 4,2,1\}$
- Problem with Shell's Increments:
- Various sorts do not interact much
- If all large elements are stored in large indices, and small elements are stored in even indices, what happens?


## 10-18: Other Increments

- Shell's Increments: $\{n / 2, n / 4, \ldots 4,2,1\}$
- Running time: $O\left(n^{2}\right)$
- "/3" increments: $\{n / 3, n / 9, \ldots, 9,3,1\}$
- Running time: $O\left(n^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$
- Hibbard's Increments: $\left\{2^{k}-1,2^{k-1}-1, \ldots 7,3,1\right\}$
- Running time: $O\left(n^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)$


## 10-19: Shell Sort: Best case

- What is the best case running time for Shell Sort (using Shell's increments)
- When would the best case occur?


## 10-20: Shell Sort: Best case

- What is the best case running time for Shell Sort (using Shell's increments)
- When would the best case occur?
- When the list was originally sorted
- How long would each pass through Shell Sort take?


## 10-21: Shell Sort: Best case

- What is the best case running time for Shell Sort (using Shell's increments)
- When would the best case occur?
- When the list was originally sorted
- How long would each pass through Shell Sort take?
- $\Theta(n)$
- How Many Passes?


## 10-22: Shell Sort: Best case

- What is the best case running time for Shell Sort (using Shell's increments)
- When would the best case occur?
- When the list was originally sorted
- How long would each pass through Shell Sort take?
- $\Theta(n)$
- How Many Passes?
- $\lg n$
- Total running time?


## 10-23: Shell Sort: Best case

- What is the best case running time for Shell Sort (using Shell's increments)
- When would the best case occur?
- When the list was originally sorted
- How long would each pass through Shell Sort take?
- $\Theta(n)$
- How Many Passes?
- $\lg n$
- Total running time?
- $\Theta(n \lg n)$


## 10-24: Stability

- Is Insertion sort stable?
- Is Bubble Sort stable?
- Is Selection Sort stable?
- Is Shell Sort stable?


## 10-25: Stability

- Is Insertion sort stable? Yes!
- Is Bubble Sort stable? Yes!
- Is Selection Sort stable? No!
- Is Shell Sort stable? No!

Note that minor changes to the stable sorting algorithms will make them unstable (for instance, swaping $A[i]$ and $A[i+1]$ when $A[i] \geq A[i+1]$, not just when $A[i]>$ $A[i+1]$

